

Island Families,

Please re-name this work, as follows: — Prince Edward
Island Families.

Abbreviations which may be used in this book:

s - Son

Dau - Daughter

i.e. - That is - Being from the Latin, Illudest.

et - and

Vide - See

legis - legislature

K - King

Q - Queen

Q.V. - Which see.

b- Boric

m - Married

d - Died

fl - Flourished or did something worthwhile

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Prince Edward Island, Canada, like many other lands the world over, has a rich, robust and romantic Past in regard to the origin, nationality, early hardships, and subsequent achievements of those pioneer families, who settled on its Shores some two centuries ago,--and since, as well as of several of the descendants of those families.

Occupied first by the Micmac Indians, and discovered by John Cabot for England in 1497, and then by Jacques Cartier for France in 1534, it was ruled by the latter power until the year 1758, when on the fall of Louisbourg, Cape Breton, General Jeffrey Amherst of the British Army ordered a member of his staff, Colonel Rollo to proceed to the Island, (then known as Isle St. Jean), and receive the submission of any Acadian-French who had settled here. This was done without a fight, although some of the settlers took to the woods, and in time made their escape to the mainland.

Immigration from the British Isles soon followed, English, Scottish, Irish and Welsh came across the Atlantic in considerable numbers. These were supplemented by many United Empire Loyalists, about the end of the American Revolutionary War, in the year 1783, who abandoned their former homes in New England, New York, and the nearby states, to still reside under the British flag. By the year 1796, the Island of Saint John had over 4000 of a population.

Surrounded on all sides, as it is, by an expanse of salt water, the isolation of the Island,- especially in the early days, brought about a unique state of affairs in this colony, and afterward, Province, in that nearly all the marriages, which were solemnized was between persons born and brought up here themselves, and it was quite rare for a man seeking a wife to marry a woman, who was raised,

say, in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Newfoundland, or New England. This, however, has changed somewhat today on account of less difficult transportation methods.

The story of the Island Families, which I have written in the following pages, has been for me largely a labour of love, I having been privileged, in my boyhood, and younger days, at public schools, the Prince of Wales College, and at Dalhousie University, to get acquainted with and to know well, representatives of many of them. This has largely been done in my spare time from my profession, every now and again, for the past decade, or so.

To several descendants of those pioneer families, I am much indebted for their kindness and courtesy in supplying me with first-hand facts relating to their noted ancestors, who had settled here, and--after many hardships, achieved a measure of success.

I am also indebted to the following stenographers, who have helped me with patience and ability to get this work ready for publication, namely, Mrs. Nora W. Cutting, Mrs. Grace Elfner, and Mrs. Ethel Haslam, all of Calgary, and, as well to Miss Mae M. Hengo, B.A., of Edmonton, and Miss Georgina Thomson, B.A., of the Calgary Public Library, and others on its staff.

Having been unable readily to learn of the date of death of several of the persons mentioned in this biographical story, I have endeavoured to give the same as nearly correct a time as I can. No man's work is perfect, so several mistakes may appear in this First Edition; but I trust that these will be brought to

to my notice, and rectified before a second Edition, (if requested),
will be brought out.

Respectfully submitted,

The Author.

320 Burns Building,
Calgary, Alberta.

January 22nd, 1957.

P R E F A C E.

The author of this biographical dictionary of Prince Edward Island doesn't want anyone of the public to think that because the space given to any of his or her friends, acquaintances, or members of their own particular family, in this volume, consists of only a few lines, or even does not appear at all, that that person's contribution to his or her day and generation, is any less than the space given to others at a much greater length.

The reason of this is that in many cases it was difficult to obtain considerable definite information in regard to the careers of the individuals above referred to, even from relatives of the same. On the other hand, many representatives of the old families were wonderfully helpful, and the author wants to hereby publically thank them for their splendid contributions.

A deep debt of gratitude is also due to Mrs. Nora Penfound, law-stenographer, of Calgary, Alberta, for her generous help and co-operation in typing considerable of the draft manuscript, as well as to Miss Georgina Thomson, B.A., of The Calgary Public Library staff, who aided the compilation of this work by getting me in touch with certain volumes containing biographical sketches of several of the Prince Edward Islanders mentioned in my book. To many others, who from time to time have helped me, my thanks are also due.

Respectfully submitted,

Calgary, Alberta, July 11, 1952.

The author.

INTRODUCTION.

Historians state that John Cabot, an Italian mariner, in the service of King Henry the Seventh of England, on his first voyage to North America, in the year 1497 discovered the present named Prince Edward Island in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. Subsequently Jacques Cartier, a captain from St. Malo, in Normandy, France, commissioned by the then King of France, re-discovered it on June 24, 1534, during his first visit to this part of the new World. He is said to have first sighted it when his sailing vessel was off shore from the place later named Sylvester Point, on the north east shore in the present King's County; and while continuing on his voyage towards the now named St. Lawrence river, when near Cape Kildore, in the Present Prince County actually went on shore with some of his sailors and was much pleased with the green leaves on the trees of the wooded lands and even found some wild berries nearby.

The Micmac Indians occupied the Island at that time. A few descendents still reside there. Their chief, a member of the Sark Family, has his headquarters on a small island, ~~not~~ far from Summerside by the name of Lennox Island. Splendid basket makers, the farmers purchase their handiwork for picking up potatoes after the digger in the field in the fall, and then for carrying vegetables from their cellars to the cattle and sheep in their barns, During the late fall and winter weather these baskets are very useful.

"Abegweit" was the name the Micmacs gave to this Isle. In their language it means "Cradled in the Waves". France didn't do a great deal about colonizing in what is now know as Canada until the early part of the 17th. century, when in 1604 De^Emonts and Champlain were sent out to the present Nova Scotia, where they founded Port Royal, (now known as Annapolis Royal), in the year above mentioned, and then, some four years later, Champlain sailed up the St. Lawrence River, and founded Quebec City in 1608.

Some settlers from France in old Acadie, or their descendents, probably about a century afterwards, began to settle on this island, but the number

presumably was not large. However it is stated that a French Colonizer, by the name of Jean Pierre de Roma had established a flourishing settlement at or near the present Brudenell Point not far from Georgetown, and the French had also a fortified civic centre, which was named Port La Joie, near the present Charlottetown. There were other settled places, few in numbers of residents in the French named districts of Bedeque, Walpeque, and Rustico. However, after the fall of Louisbourg, on Cape Breton Island, in 1758 the British Commander instructed a certain Colonel Rollo (after whom Rollo Bay was named) to visit the Ile. Ste. Jean so called by the French, and receive their submission which was accordingly carried out. A few, however, ran away and hid themselves in the woods until they could see an opportunity to reach by water old Acadie. The first British Governor was sent out some years afterwards, and the first Legislature met in Charlottetown, the new capital in 1773. The first Governor's name was Walter Patterson. A British Civil Servant and the Island was known as St. John's Island. (the isle St. Jean of the French Regime) The first laws, under the British elected representatives, date back to the year 1773, American privateers illegally captured Charlottetown and took the then Attorney-General, Hon. Phillips Callbeck, and the Surveyor - General ruthlessly up to George Washington's headquarters, then at Cambridge, Wash. near Boston in the fall of 1776; but the General apologised and generously gave them a safe-conduct back to their home after dismissing the American captours from their commands.

The name of the Island was changed to Prince Edward Island in the year 1799 in honour of Prince Edward, Duke of Kent, the father of the future Queen Victoria. The present population of the Island consists mostly of descentents of British ancestors (english, Scotch, Irish and Welsh), Acadian-French, United Empire Loyalists, and Micmac Indians. The Island being small in area didn't have much to offer immigrants from other parts of the world, so not many settled here . In size the Island is about 140 miles in length and from 4 to 40 miles in width. It has been called such fancy names, as "The Garden of the Gulf" and

"The Million - Acre Farm". The area of Prince Edward Island is about 2,184 square Miles, and there are around 1,100 miles of coast-line. About 85 per cent of the surface is under cultivation, agriculture being the chief industry.

The population at the present time is around 100,000 which includes some 15,700 in Charlottetown, the capital, and about 6,550 in Summerside, some 49 miles distant by rail, the two largest centres.

Cape Wolfe, on the south-west shore of Prince County, was so named after General James Wolfe visited there, when he was on his way to capture the city of Quebec in 1759.

SOME EARLY SETTLERS

Several United Empire Loyalist families settled in Lots 49 and 50 about the end of the American Revolution, including among others, such names as (in lot 49), William Hassard, William Wood, Sr. and William Wood Jr. (now spelled Haswood), Joseph Smith, John Eacharn (now spelled Acorn) James L. Hayden, George Hayden and Nicholas Jenkins, and (in lot 50) such family names as the Joseph Beers, John Praacht or Raught, (of Dutch or German Ancestry, Wm. Praught was, it seems the first settler to acquire land in Lot 50. He married Susannah Wagner, who came out from Germany.

Among the families settling in Lot 50 early were Richard Myers, James Carver, Don McPhee, Peter Musick, Spencer Crave, William Young, John Van Niderstine and John Haley, the latter being the Private Secretary of one of the early British Governors of the Island of Saint John. It is said that James Lewis Hayden named Cherry valley, Lot 50, after his former home district in the State of New York, which was not far from the Mohawk Valley there. Loyal to the British Crown, he with his wife and 3 young children abandoned his home, and arrived in New York City on May 29, 1780. He left New York on Sept. 20, 1783, and proceeded to Shelborne, N.S. where he landed on October 4 of the same year, and came on the Island of Saint John (now Prince Edward Island) on July 11, 1785.

The Jetson, or Judson family of the present Alexandra settlement, near Pounal, had a British origin in New Castle - on - Tyre, England; but emigrated first to the Carolinas, before leaving there for the Island.

The Peter Musick family settled at Gallows Point Lot 50. Four sons and three daughters were still there in 1798 (Duncan Campbell, History of Prince Edward Island, Malcolm A. MacQueen, Hebrideau Pioneers, Winnipeg Manitoba, 1957).

HAYDEN, JAMES LEWIS: (1749 - (1749 - 1832) of German, United Empire Loyalist ancestry was born presumably at Cherry Valley, in the State of New York, on May 25, 1749 and was likely a farmer by occupation after he attained manhood. During the early years of the American Revolution the settlement in which he resided was raided, and, being

loyal to Britain, he soon thereafter with his wife and 3 young children, left his property behind and proceeded to the city of New York, which loyalist centre he reached in May 29, 1780. Staying there a little over three years, then he set sail for Shelborne, Nova Scotia, where he remained from the time of his arrival on October 4, 1783 until June 1785 when he landed on the Island of Saint John on June 11, 1785. Mr Hayden eventually obtained a 99 years lease dated April 7, 1796, on one hundred acres on Mill Creek in the settlement which he had named "Cherry Valley" after his former home in the state of New York, but assigned their lease to one, John Acom another Miller, who had lately abandoned Mill sites on Vernon River. However Mr. Hayden shortly afterwards obtained possession of them, worked them - and they remained in the property of himself during his lifetime, with his descendants afterwards, for considerably over one hundred years.

Mr. Hayden himself evidently was a first-rate business man, as would appear from the entries made in the old German family Bible, which as late as the year 1957 was in the possession of two of his descendants, namely Charles MacMillan and Monica MacMillan, his sister both of Vernon River.

There were eleven children in this pioneer family namely George, Born April 16, 1774, became a farmer (married, but without children), Margaret, Born March 18, 1776. She became the wife of Major Joseph Bees, Cherry Valley, P.E.I. Elizabeth born September 28, 1778. She became, in time, firstly the wife of a Wm. Auld of Cloverhead, and after his death, secondly, the wife of a Wm. Miller of the same place. Principal Lewuel Miller, the well-known and well-educated head teacher of the West Kent School in Charlottetown for many years in the last quarter of the 19th century was a son: Jacob L. born in New York on September 25, 1780 died there on Jan. 6, 1783; Catherine, Born January 28, 1783 in New York also became in time, the wife of Thomas Mellich, of English origin. James, born July 5, 1786 in Lot 49. Saint Joluis (later Prince Edward) Island, married a sister of Robert Trirness, who had come out from Yorkshire, England and settled near Vernon River Bridge, on the south side of the river. James was the first of the family to be Born, the remaining 5 children were also born on the Island: Alex

Lewis was born on April 2, 1788, he eventually farmed with his 3 brothers on a large tract of land laying between Pounal and Millview. Ann born July 26, 1790, became, in time the wife of a Mr. Wisener; William, born on December 22, 1792, also became a farmer on the land above mentioned; Maria, born September 4, 1795, eventually became the wife of Alexander MacMillan of the district of Alberry Plain adjacent to the head-waters of the Vernon River.

HAYDEN, LEMUEL CAMBRIDGE. (1839 - 1925?) Farmer, was a son of James Hayden, store-keeper and shipyard owner, at Vernon River, and a Miss Furness, His wife, whose brother, Robert Furness, was from Yorkshire, England, and had taken up land at Vernon River Bridge Lot 50. Lemuel, in time became the owner of the farm having 2 mills - the one a grist mill and the other a saw mill, the latter having been managed by a Mr. Wallace Stewart, and the former by a near relative, John Hayden. Both are descendants of James Lewis Hayden, the first of that name to settle here. Lemuel's first wife was Jauetta Ross (1841 - 1882) a daughter of Donald Ross of Migh. and Flora Nicholson, his wife, and there were the following named children. - Mary belle Hayden, later a resident of Belmont, Mass, and her sister, Charlotte P. Hayden, later of Exeter, New Hampshire, U.S.A. Their brother, Sidney Hayden obtained a position as civil servant for several years, in Ottawa and married a Miss Nickerson, from Nova Scotia, whose son, Cuthbert resided there for a time and in Vancouver, B.C.

Lemuel's second wife was Margaret MacLeod a daughter of Mr. & Mrs. Willaim MacLeod of Vernon River Bridge and there were three daughters namely Stella (Mrs. MacLennau). Adelaide (Mrs Campbell) both resident in Charlottetown, and Helen (Mrs. McKinley) Sidney N.S.

(Malcolm A. MacQuee, B.A. 'Queens') Lawyer and author Winnipeg, Manitoba in his five books publised these entitled "Hebrideau Pioneers" incidently refers also to several United Empire Loyalists - including the Hayden Family).

STEWART, JOHN (1758 - 1834) Author, presumeable of Scottish ancestry was born about the year 1758 and when a young man settled in Saint Johns (later Prince Edward) Island in 1778. He was appointed speaker of the House of Assembly in 1795 and held this posi-

tion until 1798. Subsequently, in 1824 he was again honoured and remained speaker until the year 1830. He was the author of a book entitled "An Account of Prince Edward Island, in the gulf of St. Lawrence" (London, 1806). He passed away on the Island in 1834.

(A.B. Warbutron, K.C. History of Prince Edward Island, Saint Joh, N.B., 1923.)

(W.Stewart Wallace, M.A., Dictionary of Can. Biography Vol. 2, Toronto, 1945).

VAN IDERSTINE, HENRY (1850 - 1920?) Farmer, of Dutch United Empire Loyalist ancestry was born near Vernon River, Prince Edward Island about the year 1850. He Attended the rural public school, and in time, settled on a farm of some 40 acres, or so, on the west side of the Risquid Road, which ran from Vernon River on the South up to the settlement of Pisquid on the north. He married Sarah Huntley of near Vernon River Bridge in Lot 50 and there was a family of about six children including Ethel, George Lilly, Benjamin, Eventually the children, when grown up, left the farm, and sought employment in Charlottetown and Boston, Mass. Their ancestors being Methodists their religious belief made a worth while contribution to the settlements in the vicinity of Vernon River. Hermitage, Alberry Plains and Vernon River Bridge, Prince Edward Island, (Plaines). In one of this noted historical books, entitled "Hebrideau Pioneers" published in 1957, by the Henderson Directories Limited, Winnipeg Manitoba. Malcolm A Maqueen, B.A. (Queens) a well-known Prince Edward Island, writer and lawyer, born at Orwelll made the statement following;-"The Van Iderstines were a Loyalist family of Dutch extraction. They settled near the headwaters of Vernon River, and were highly respected."

It is interesting to note that in the first census taken by the British after the Island of Saint John fell in 1758, when the French settlers surrendered, but was not officially undertaken until the Governor ordered the same in 1798, the only person of this family name appearing therein was that of a certain John Van Niderstine, who spelled his name with an Additional capital N and resided near the headwater of Vernon River, Lot 50.

(References: Campbell's History of Prince Edward Island, Charlottetown)

(MacQueen's "Hebrideau Pioness, Winnipeg, Man, Hendersons Directories Limited, Published 1957)

KIRBY, REV. WILLIAM J. (1852 - 1935) Clergyman and Sons of Temperance Members, was born on April 17, 1852, presumeably in New Brunswick, and was educated in the Public school and afterwards studied for the Medthodist Church ministry. Among other churches in which he served faithfully was Grace Church upper Bruce Street, in Charlottetown during

a portion of the 1890s. He had joined the SONS of Temperance in 1876, and is stated to have held a continuous membership therein for 60 years. He was G.W.P. of the Grand Divisions of New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island for two terms. He became a member of the National Division in 1894, and was elected most Worthy Chaplain then, and again in 1908. He was also a writer of great ability. One contemporary wrote of him, as follows:-
"He was a constant attendant at the National Division, where his smiling face, his friendly presence, and his intense loyalty to the Order, was a benediction to all".
He passed away on September 24, 1935, much loved and respected.

(Sons of Temperance of North America, Centennial Magazine, Sept. 29th, 1942.)

(Personal Recollections).

SHAW, PROFESSOR HERBERT H. (18 64 - 19) Teacher, professor, land-surveyor and superintendent of Education for the Province of Prince Edward Island, was born at or near Brockley Point in the year 1864. He was educated in the rural district School, Prince of Wales College, (in which he later taught for several years) and McGill University, (B.A. Sc. and Hon. L.L.D.) He was an outstanding teacher and disciplinarian, and taught in the old P.W.C. in the 1890's and in the new building in the early 1900's. Well known friends of his were Prof. Samuel N. Robertson, M.A. LL.D. and the Hon. John A. Mathieson, K.C. Premier, and later Chief Justice of Prince Edward Island. Professor Shaw was twice married, first to Miss Pettie Clark of Kensington, and second to Miss Josephine Barrett of Charlottetown. He had a younger brother, Vernon Hastings Shaw, who attended the Dalbousie Law School in Halifax N.S. (LL.B) was later admitted to the Bar of Alberta and practised for a time at Vegreville, in Northern Alberta. He also became a member of a legal firm in Vancouver, B.C. later on.

(Personal Recollections).

ROBERTSON, PROFESSOR SAMUEL NAPIER (1868? - 1938?) Noted teacher, professor and Scholar, was born in Bedeque, Prince Edward Island, about the year 1868. He was educated at the district public school, Prince of Wales College, and Normal School, Charlottetown, Dalhousie University (B.A., M.A. and Hon. L.L.D.), Halifax N.S., About the year 1893, he returned to the Prince of Wales College, as Professor of English, English, literature, Greek and Roman History. About the year 1901 he succeeded Dr. Alexander Anderson (Hon. L.L.D., McGill University) as Principal in the then newly built college. This position he held for many years. He had a sister, Sadie Robertson, who attended the college during one or two terms. So much was Dr. Robertson admired as a teacher and administrator that a Lecture Course was later established in his honour, known as the Dr. Samuel Napier Robertson Lecture, which is given annually by some leading educationist of the times.

(Personal Recollections)

MAC KINNON, FRANK (1919 -) Principal of Prince of Wales College, Scholar and author was the son of the Hon. Murdoch MacKinnon, who was a former Minister of Agriculture, and then, for a time, Lieutenant - Governor of Prince Edward Island, and Perle Beecher Taylor, daughter of Dr. Taylor, M.D.C.M., formerly of New Brunswick, and a practitioner in Charlottetown, and was born here on April 24, 1919. He was educated in the Public School, Prince of Wales College, McGill University (B.A. with Hons. in Econ. & Political Science, 1941). University of Toronto. (M.A. Pub. Adm., 1942 and Ph. D. in Political Science, 1950; Univ. of N.B. Hon. LL.D., 1950 He married Margaret Daphne, a daughter of Prof. C.P. Martin who was the chairman of the Dept. of Anatomy McGill Univ., and there were 4 children, namely Phillip Murdoch, David Camson, Robert Peter and Pamela Martin. He was for a time, Lecturer in Political Science at the university of Toronto (1945-46) and head of the Department of Political Science at Earleton College, Ottawa (1946-49) and has been in his position at the Prince of Wales College from 1949 on for several years. Taking an interest in religious work, he is a member of the Trinity United Church, Prince Street, Charlottetown, besides being an outstanding Scholar, author, and citizen. He was a nephew of the late Donald MacKinnon, Q.C. a barrister, who practised in Charlottetown for many years, and was for a time judge in Admiralty, here.

(Personal Recollections).

(The Can. Who's Who. Volume 6 (1952-1954) Toronto Ontario, Trans - Canada Press Toronto)

MacKINNON, LIEUT COLONEL DANIEL ALBERT, D.S.O. (1876 - 19) druggist, artillery commissioned officer, and Company Secretary, was a son of Donald MacKinnon and Jerminia (Curtiss) MacKinnon, his wife of Highfield, Prince Edward Island, and was born there on November 12, 1876. He was educated at the district public School, and, in time, studied pharmacy and became a druggist. Eventually he joined G.A.B. MacDonald, a native of Scotland as junior partner in a drug-store business on the corner of Kent and Great George Streets, in Charlottetown, where they built a big business. After the commencement of the First World War, in 1914, he being an artillery officer for several years in the Canadian Militia volunteered for service, and was given the rank of Lieut Colonel. He served well in World War I, as Officer Commanding the 36th Battery, Canadian Field Artillery, was mentioned in despatches and honoured by the Government of France. Earlier he had married Edith Louise Breumer of Charlottetown on May 24, 1905. After his return from abroad, he became a Company officer in partnership with Mr. W.S. Chester McLure of Charlottetown, (later to be conservative M.P. from Queens County). in the then big fox-ranching business which for several years prospered on the Island before it waned.

(Personal Recollections)

(The Can. Who's Who. Vol. 6, 1952-1954 Toronto, Ontario).

MARTIN, HON. JOHN S. (1855 - 19). farmer and legislator, was a son of Samuel Martin and Sarah Campbell his wife, both Scotch, of Kiuross, Prince Edward Island, and was born there on August 2, 1855. He was educated at the district public School and at the Uigg Grammar School. He married Hattie M. McKenzie, a daughter of John MacKenzie of Charlottetown on Jan. 1., 1875 and there were 7 children. A Conservative, he was first elected to the Provincial Legislature at the general election of 1912 for the 4th District of Queens' County, and was re-elected in the general election of 1915 after which he was elected speaker on March 29, 1916. His address at that time was Kiuross Prince Edward Island.

(Can. Parl Guide, Ottawa, 1916)

SINCLAIR, REV. ALEXANDER MACLEAN. (1840 - 1924) was born at Antiquish N.S., in the year 1840. He studied for the ministry of the P^hesbyterian church in Canada and from 1888 to 1906 lectured first on the staff of Pine Hill College, Halifax, and also on the staff of the St. F.X. University in Antigonish. He was a noted Celtic Scholar and author. His son, the Rev. Donald M. Sinclair held a B.A. degree from Dalhousie Univ. Halifax, and a Ph. D. degree from Edinburgh.

(Macqueen, Malcolm A. in Hebrideau Pioneers, Winnipeg, Manitoba. 1957).

STEEVES, HON. WILLIAM HENRY. (1814 - 1873) one of the Fathers of Confederation of Canada was born of United Empire Loyalist ancestry, at Hillsborough, New Brunswick, on May 20, 1814. After receiving a public school education he became a member of the business firm of Steeves Bros. Later he represented Albert County, as a Liberal, in the New Brunswick Legislature from 1846 to 1851, and he was a member of the Legislative Council of that Province, from 1851 to 1867. Subsequently, he was a member of the Executive Council of the Province almost continuous from 1857 to 1865, during which time he held the portfolio of Surveyor-General from 1854 to 1855, and later that of Commissioner of Public Works, from 1855 to 1856, and again from 1857 to 1863. He attended the Charlottetown Conference on Maritime Union in 1864, and, later in the same year, the Quebec Conference On B.N.A. proposed Union. After confederation was completed, he was appointed a member of the Senate of Canada, and passed away in saint Johns, N.B. on December 9, 1873. It is presumed that the Island peoples bearing the name of "Steeves" are distantly related to those who came from the United States, and settled in N.B. as Loyalists, after the Revolutionary war. A. Wm. Steeves owned a Bakery on Water Street, Summerside, in 1906, and after, and Dr. A.C. Steeves, a dentist and his sister, Helen Steeves, LL.B. (1913) afterwards both practising their professions in Calgary Alberta, were born in Summerside Prince Edward Island.

(The Dict. of Can. Biog. by W. Stewart Wallace M.A., Vol. 21, 1945, Toronto Ontario).

(Personal Recollections).

BRECKER, HON. FREDERICK D. ST. CROIX. (1830 - 1904) lawyer, member of Parliament, and Provincial Postmaster, was presumably a descendant, or relative of one John Brecker, named as a resident of Charlottetown in the first British Census of the Island of Saint John, taken in the year 1798. He was educated for a career in law and eventually practised as the senior partner in the legal firm of Brecker and Fitz Gerald, Barristers and Solicitors, Charlottetown. He was elected to the House of Commons for Queens County as one of the two members, in the general election of the year 1878 and again in that of 1882. Subsequently he was appointed Chief Postmaster for the Province of Prince Edward Island. After his passing about the year 1904, he was succeeded in this position by the Hon. John F. Whear, who had been a member of the executive council in the Liberal Government of the Hon. Arthur Peters K.C.

LEITH E. BRECKER. who became a Registrar of the Court of Chancery at the Court House in Charlottetown in the early years of the 20th century, was a son and faithful civil servant.

(Personal Recollections).

(Parliamentary Guide, Ottawa).

ROSS, HON. GOERGE H. (1878 - 1956) lawyer, member of Parliament, and Senator, was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Murdoch Ross of Bedeque, Prince Edward Island and was born there on June 13th, 1878. He attended the district school, won a Scholarship into Dollinsie University about 1898, but without waiting to graduate went out west to Alberta at the age of 22, where he did manual labour on ranches and some mining to earn money to further his education. Subsequently about 1905 he attended the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich., and 8 years later obtained his LL.B. degree therefrom. Having joined the well-known Calgary Legal firm of Sifton, Short & Stuart, in that city, he, in time, became one of its leading members, and remained with it, or its successors, for well-nearly fifty years or until the time of his death. He was elected an Alderman of the City of Calgary, in 1911 and 1913 and was named a K.C., also in the last-named year. Subsequently, in the Dominion Election of 1940 he was elected to the House of Commons to represent East Calgary constituency, as a Liberal. Defeated in the election of 1945, he was appointed to the Senate of Canada in 1948 which position he held until the time of his death. In 1911 he had married Miss May McDougall, a daughter of David McDougall a brother of the well-known Missionary the Rev. John McDougall, at Morley Alberta, and there were 2 daughters and 1 son.

At the time of his death his wife, his two daughters, his brother, Rev. Theodore Ross.M.A. of Summerside and one sister Lottie (Mrs. D.J. McCutcheon) of Vancouver, B.C. survived him.

(The Calgary Herald of Sept. 1956)

(Personal Recollections)

(The Can. Parl. Guide, Ottawa, 1954)

MACNEVIN, ALEXANDER J. (1885 - 19) general merchant and farmer, was a son of John MacNevin and Ann his wife, both of Scotch-Canadian of Argyle Shore, Prince Edward Island, was born there on Sept. 20, 1885. He was educated at the district public school and at the Charlottetown Business College under the Principalship of L.B. Miller. He Married Perle Elnora McLeod, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. McLeod of Bonshaw P.E.I. on Sept. 1, 1915. Having been nominated as Conservative Candidate in the general election of Sept. 16, 1915, for the First District of Queens County, he was duly elected and took his seat in the Provincial Legislative Assembly soon afterwards. He was an adherent of the church of Scotland, and his home address was Bonshaw, Prince Edward Island.

(Can. Parl. Guide, Ottawa, 1916).

MC GUIGAN, HIS EMINENCE, CARDINAL JAMES CHARLES D. TH., LL.D., (1894 - 19) Was a son of George and Anna (Monaghan) McGuigan, and was born at Hunter River Village, Prince Edward Island on Nov. 26, 1894. He was educated at the Public School, Hunter River, Prince of Wales College, where he was awarded the Governor-Generals Medal in 1911; St. Dunstairs College; Laval University (B.A. with Honours in 1914; The Grand Seminary, Quebec City: " Ph. L., 1915" and J.C.L. 1916, and Th. L. 1917" and further a Doctorate in Theology, 1918 - all these degrees received being "summa cura laude"; Post- Grad in Canon Law in the Catholic Univ. of America in (Hon LL.D from the same in 1939, and from the Univ. of Pofonte in 1948.

He had been ordained a Priest in 1918; served as a Professor at St. Dunstairs College, Charlottetown 1918 - 19 Secretary of Bishop O'Leary in the same city afterwards; Vicar-General in 1923, Chancellor of the Edmonton Archdiocese, Archbishop of Regina (Sask) from May 15, 1930 and transferred to Toronto, Ontario on December 22, 1934. His address there being Archbishop's Residence, York Mills Toronto. He was created a Cardinal by the Pape subsequently.

(The Canadian Who's Who, Volume 6, 1952 - 1954 Trans Canada Press, Toronto, Ontario).

BOWLEN, HON. JOHN JAMES (1876 - 19) rancher, legislator, and administrator, was the eldest son of Micheal Bowlen, and Mary (Casey) Bowlen his wife, both of Irish ancestry, and was born in the farming district of Cardigan, King's County, Prince Edward Island, on July 21, 1876. He early helped his father on the farm and attended the public Cardigan High School. He went away to Boston, Mass. when still a youth, and obtained a position there as a conductor on a street railway car. Shortly after the beginning of the Spanish American War of 1898 he volunteered for service with the United States Army and proceeded to Florida on route to Cuba; but was taken down with Malaria and had to return to Boston, where in time he commenced to work again. He married a daughter of Mr. & Mrs. Joseph A. Suive there, on July 11, 1900 There were 3 children born to them, namely John J. Jr. (later a medical Doctor) Mrs. Frank Mooney and Mrs Howard Sougate. Leaving the United States, he went out to near Battleford, Sask., to ranch and first entered the political field as a Liberal Candidate for the House of Commons in a bye-election held in South Battleford in 1914, in which he was defeated. Eventually he left Sask, and settling in Alberta, he, in time, owned one of the largest horse ranches in this Province, as well as many cattle. He was elected to the Legislative Assembly of Alberta, as a Liberal representing Calgary in 1930 was re-elected in 1935 and again in 1940, was house Leader of the Liberal Party for 2 years. In 190 he was appointed Lieutenant- Governor of Alberta, which position he held for some 9 or 10 years. A member of the Knights of Columbus the Elks, and the Roman Catholic Church.

(The Canadian Who's Who Vol. 6, 1952 - 54 Trans Canada Press, Toronto, Ontario).

Family Tree of Merrill Alexander Dalton of Burton Near Port
Hill, Prince County, Prince Edward Island, and Later of Calgary
Alberta, Caprenter and Construction worker.

1. Great-Grandfather, Thomas Dalton came out from County Kerry, Ireland, and settled
near or near port Hill, Prince County, Prince Edward Island in or about the year 1819.
2. Grandfather, John Dalton, married Nancy Brennan in 1840 when he was 21 years of age.
3. Father, John James Dalton, married Mary MacInnis (Scotch and Irish) about 1898.
4. Children of the above:-
 1. Merrill Alexander Dalton, Born April 29, 1900
 2. Charlotte Dalton, Born September 1901
 3. Margaret Dalton, Born in 1906 (died in 1916)
 4. Lillian Dalton, Born in 1909.

(Family information given by Merrill at Calgary, Alberta on April 18, 1959)

Family Tree of the Farquharsons of Mermaid Lot 48 Prince
Edward Island

Generation:

- 1st. William Farquharson, who married a Miss Smallwood of Scotland settled in the Mermaid district of LOT 48 about 1800. He was the 1st pioneer of the Farquharson Family to settle on the Island.
- 2nd. James Farquharson, son of the above.
- 3rd. John Farquharson, (1818 - 1894) married June McGregor (1822 - 1807) of Lot 48 (John was the first cousin of Premier Donald Farquharson of West River and Charlottetown)
- 4th. Sampson Farquharson, (29th Dec. 1859 - 13 Dec. 1930) married Margaret Ferguson of Lot 49, (Feb. 19, 1847 - 2 July 1913)
- 5th. George Howard, Farquharson, (M.D.C.M.) Born July 4, 1880, died June 12, 1954 also a brother and a sister, Married a Miss McWilliam from one of the Western States. Practised Medicine at Gleichen, Alberta from 1908 until 1952 when he retired to Hillhurst, Calgary, Alberta.
- 6th. Jean Farquharson
Dominion Government Civil Service, Ottawa, Ontario.
Donald Farquharson,
Alberta Government, Civil Service, Land Titles Office, Calgary, Alberta.

MACMILLAN, HON. CYRUS J. (1882 - 1953) brilliant student, professor and author and M.P. was a son of Hector Coleusay MacMillan of Wood Islands PR^Ince Edward Island, and was born there in the year 1882. His paterial grandfather, Malcolm MacMillan had come out from Scotland on the sailing vessel "Spencer" in the year 1806. Isabel Fraser was the maiden name of his mother who was a daughter of Donald Frase of Portage, Belfast and his wife Christene MacTavis, who had emigrated from Scotlang to Prince Edward Island in one of Lord Selkirks ships "The Polly" in the year 1803. Young Cyrus attended the Wood Island Public School, Prince of Wales College and Normal School, Charlottetown, McGill University (B.A. and M.A.) and Harvard University, Cambridge, Univ. (Ph.D.). He subsequently became the Professor of Englis in McGill - a position he held for several years. but intthe General Dominion Elections of 1930 he offered to run as a L^Iberal for Queens County, Prince Edward Island, which he did and was elected one of its represen-
tatives in the House of Commons in Ottawa. He was the author of "Canadian Fairy Tales" and other books. For a short time he edited The Daily Patriot of Charlottetown. He passed away in 1953 and was survived by his wife.

(Personal Recollections.)

(Hebrideau Pioness by Malcolm A. Macqueen, B.A.)

(Queens of Orvelle, Prince Edward Island, and Winnipeg, Manaitoba, printed by Henderson Directories Limited of Winnipeg.)

STAVERT, REV. ROBERT HEUSEY, B.A. (1874 - 1941) Schoolteach, clergyman, and Temperance Reform Worker, was born at Wilmot Valley, Prince Edward Island, in the year 1874 and was educated in the rural district School, Prince of Wales College and Normal School, Charlottetown. He taught in the public schools for a time, and afterwards attended Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. graduating with a B.A. Degree in 1902. He proceeded to Pine Hill Presbyterian College, from which he was graduated after a three year course, about 1905. He joined the Order of the Sons of Temperance, and became G.W.P. of it in New Brunswick in 1912, and of Prince Edward Island in 1920 and in several years thereafter. He was elected Most Worthy Chaplain in 1912, 1936 and 1938 and attended many sessions of the national Division during the 30 years of membership which he had in this part of the Order. Valuable work in law enforcement was performed by him, as a member of this Order. He was for a time Moderator of the Wartime Synod of the Presbyterian Church in Canada. He passed away on May 18, 1941.

(Sons of Temperance of North American, Centennial Magazine, September 29, 1942)

(Personal Recollections).

The MacMillan Family of New Haven, West River, Prince Edward Island:-

HUGH MACMILLAN A country merchant born at Fairview in the 1840's a son of Captain Ewen MacMillan, ,aster. mariner, and Isabella Mathieson his wife of near Southend Argyllshire, Scotland, married Pheobe Ross, a daughter of the Rev. Malcolm Ross, a Baptist church minister, about 1875 and their children added to the few dozen families from whose homes brilliant scholars at Schools, colleges, and universities emerged.

EWEN J. MACMILLAN (B.S.A. Toronto Univ.) born about 1876 attended the district public school, helped his father on the farm, and in the store. Their attended the Ontario Agricultural college, Gueple, Ontario. and was graduated therefrom, as gold metallist, about 1901. Taught agriculture for a few years in the Prince of Wales College then was appointed to the Union of South Africa as Chief Instructor in Agriculture. He married Emily Anne Fraser and there was one daughter who served at the United Nations Headquarters, New York.

TALMAGE ROSS MACMILLAN born about 1878, attended the district public school, Prince of Wales College and McGill University (B.A. with honours and M.A.). He was considering going over to Oxford or Cambridge, but sickness prevented this, and he passed away early in life at or near denver, Colorada where he was ordered by his physician to go about 1898.

GEORGE MACMILLAN born about 1882 attended the district public School, Prince of Wales Collge and proceeded to McGill University in Montreal, but he became quite ill when there only a short time, and passedaway about 1902.

GORDON MACMILLAN born about 1884 helped on the farm and in his father's store, eventually settled on a farm at cornwell where later became wellknown

One Sister, Miss MacMillan born about 1886, was eventually married to a Mr. Scott of North River, Prince Edward Island. While living at home in New Hover she attended the district public School, and helped her mother in the housework in their country store adjoining the residence, and on the farm.

(Personal Recollections)

A Brief Family Tree of the Macqueens of or near Orwell, Prince Edward Island:-

1. Donald Macqueen and his wife Christina MacLeod of Glaspheiu, Isle of Skye, Scotland, who emigrated to Prince Edward Island, in 1803, and settled on a farm near Orwell River.
2. Malcolm Macqueen of Orwell (1804 - 1886) and his wife Margaret Martin of Newton, (1806 - 1892) who were married on February 2, 1830.
3. John Angus Macqueen (1836 - 1918) of Orwell, and his wife Isabella Nicholson, (1845 - 1926) of Orwell.
4. A. Matilda Brown MacQueen born on March 17, 1877 was subsequently married to Walter David Ross, (1875 - 1951) of KKiuross here. Their Children were David Douglas Ross Borne March 24, 1913, Lieut - Col. in World War 2, married Sheila Hope Price of Quebec City, with the following named children, Barbara Jane, Borne Jan. 16, 1943, Daphne Isobel borne June 3, 1947 and Pamela Muriel Born February 18, 1950.
B. Marion Isabel Ross Born 1916, B.A. Dalhousie University and Boston University was subsequently married to Alexander Beaton of Milton Mass.
B. Malcolm A. MacQueen born Dec. 8, 1878 educated at Uiggs Noted Public School and Prince of Wales College , Dalhousie University and Queen's University B.A. Studied law later in Winnipeg Later and was admitted to the bar of Manitoba. Was the author of at least 2 outstanding historical and Biographical books named "Skye Pioneers and The Island" Published in 1929, and "Hebrideau Pioneers" published in Winnipeg in 1957 Married Harriet M. Riley of Winnipeg.
C. Peter Isaac Macqueen born december 15, 1880 Orwell Married Belle Irene Ross of Kinross, Prince Edward Island

(Hebrideau Pioneers by Malcolm A. Macqueen, B.A. (Queen's University) Winnipeg, 1957)

(Personal Recollections)

The David P. Irving Family of Vernon River Bridge (Near Port Vernon) Lot 50
Queens County Prince Edward Island:-

David P. Irving M.L.A. Whose ancestors came from Dumfries, Scotland to Prince Edward Island, Married Anne Tweedy, a descendant of Thomas Tweedy and Sarah Furnes of Vernon River, both of Yorkshire, England, ancestry.

There was a large family, of 6 sons and 6 daughters several of whom distinguished themselves as University graduates - the majority from McGill, Montreal, Quebec.

1. James became a farmer, studied agriculture and eventually succeeded his father as the Liberal M.L.A. of the 4th district of Queens County in the Island Legislature.
2. Sarah helped her parents on their large and improved farm a quarter of a mile or so north of Vernon River Bridge.
3. Margaret also worked at home, and in time, became the wife of Frederick B. MacRae of "waterside Farms" near Pownal, who had served in the South African War, and the First World War, in which he was granted the rank of Major.
4. Thomas Tweedy, attended the P.W.C. and McGill (B.A. Sc.) Montreal, and spent many years with the engineering department of the Canadian National Railways.
5. Elizabeth became a school-teacher attended P.W.C. Charlottetown and McGill Univ. (B.A.) Montreal, Que. Went west to teach in the Alberta College, Edmonton, Alberta and passed away early in life.
6. Anne attended the public school and the Prince of Wales College, became the wife of Mr. Edmund T. Higgs, a merchant of Charlottetown.
7. George Washington Irving attended the district public school, Prince of Wales College Charlottetown and McGill University (B.A.) He subsequently studied Theology and became a Methodist Minister. Eventually he was the pastor of an American Church in California U.S.A. where he and his wife went to reside.
8. John Hiram helped his parents on their farm, attended the school at Vernon River Bridge, married a Miss Laura Van Iderstine, and eventually went west to Calgary, Alberta where he was employed with the International Harvester Company of America. Afterwards he retired to a place adjoining Calgary and owned a chicken farm.

9. Alexander also worked on the family farm, and attended the district public school.
10. Pansy was educated at the Port Vernon Public school, Prince of Wales College and McGill University (B .A.) Montreal, Que. She eventually was married to a young McGill Graduate whose parents resided on the Prince Edward Island.

The Irving family was as early as the 1880's because strong supporters of the Independent Order of Good Templars, and was opposed to the liquor traffic of their day. Gough Lodge had its large Temperance Hall built at Vernon River Bridge, (now Port Vernon), which flourished for many years.

(personal Recollections)

(Hebredeau Pioneers, by Malcolm A. Macqueen, B.A.)
Winnipeg, Manitoba 1957

IRVIN, JOHN HIRAM (1884 - 1959) employed with the International Harvester Company Ltd., for over 35 years, was one of the sons of the Hon. David P. Irving, and (Tweedy) IRving his wife, of Vernon River, Lot 50, Prince Edward Island and was born on his parents farm there in the year 1884. His fathers folks had emigrated from Dumfries, Scotland and his mothers from Yorkshire, England, earlier in the 19th Century. John Was educated at the district public school nearby and helped his parents on their well cultivated farm, until the year 1906 when he left his home Province, and went west to Lethbridge, Alberta, Eventually in 1914 he settled in Calgary, and was on the staff of the International Harvester Company of American there for many years. He had married Laura Van Iderstine, a neighbours daughter of Vernon River, and there was one daughter, Edith, (Mrs. A. Anderson) Calgary, and three sons, namely G. Carman of Toronto, Ontario, Fred R. and James A. fo Calgary. At the time of his passing on April 18, 1959, at Calgary only four members of his parents large family were still living namely two brothers, A.J. Irving of Saskatoon, Sask and Gordon Irving, of Montreal, Que., and two sisters, Fanny, (Mrs. J.R. Donald) and Edith (Mrs. H. Edith Johnson) both of Montreal. About half a dozen of his brothers and sisters were university graduates principally of McGill University and so helped enrich the Island and Canada by their influences in educational work. In religion they were trained devotedly in the Methodist faith.

(Personal Recollections)

(The Calgary Herald of April 18, 1959)

The following is a brief Family Tree of the noted Macphail family of Inveranie, Scotland, and Uigg, near Orwell, Prince Edward Island:-

Generation:

1. William Macphail (1800 - 1852) of Inverauie attended Kings College, Aberdeen for two years, there taught school in the Highlands of Scotland for a time. He emigrated to Nova Scotia, Canada, in 1832 with his wife Mary Macpherson (1804 - 1888) and their two children. At first for a while he taught in Cape Breton and Nova Scotia, but came to Belle Creek in the Belfast district of Prince Edward Island in 1838 where he continued to teach for some years. Subsequently, he moved to a farm in Upper Newtown, Belfast, where he passed away in 1852.
2. William Macphail (1830 - 1905) son, began to teach school at an early age.. From 1862 to 1867 he was master in the famous Uigg Grammar School, and during these five years, purchased the Fletcher farm there. He married Catherine Moore Smith, (1834 - 1920) a daughter of Findlay Smith of New town. He was appointed a Public School Inspector by the Government and then Bursar of Falconwood Hospital, but still kept the farm as his home.
3. 1. John Andrew (1864 - 1938) B.A. and M.D. (McGill University) practised medicine for awhile in Montreal, then took up literature. He was Knighted for his services during the First World War. Married Georgina Burland of Mont Real. One daughter, Dorothy who became the wife of Dr. Lionell Lindsay (McGill University) and one son Lieutenant Jeffrey, who served overseas in World War 1).
2. Isabelle was born in 1866 and was graduated from Tufts Medical College, in Boston Mass. She was the second child, and eldest girl of the family.
3. Janetta Clark (1868 - 1950) B.A. (McGill) taught school for some years in West Kent School, Charlottetown.
3. James Alexander (1869 - 1947) B.Sc. (McGill) became a professor at Queens University Kingston, Ontario. Was a colonel of Engineers overseas in World War one. Married Marge MacMaive of Kingston, Ontario. Son John (M.A. Queens) who became a professor in Carleton College, Ottawa, Ontario.

5. William Matheson (1872 - 1942) B.Sc., (McGill University, Became the Manager of a street paving company in the west. Married Ethel Peurose of Winnipeg, 2 girls namely, Marion, who was married to L.M. Delbridge, and Catherine, the wife of V.C. Jackson.
6. John Goodwill (1877 @ 1952) B.A. and B.Sc. (Queens) Became, in the civil service, director of Marine services Ottawa. He Married Gertrude Gerogina Macqueen of New Glasgow N.S. - a relative of the Macqueens of Uigg, and Orwell. 2 Children Andrew and Catherine, the wife of Carl Brever, Buffalo, N.Y.
7. Margaret was graduated from the Prince of Wales College and Normal School, Charlottetown, and taught for some time. Then she was married to Albert N. Jenkins, Orwell. Their two sons Ernest Jenkins and Aubrey Jenkins were graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree from Queens University.
8. Catherine also was graduated from the Prince of Wales College and Normal School, Charlottetown and taught school for awhile. She was married to Samuel Martin of Heat-herdale, Prince Edward Island, and their son, William Martin, is a graduate in Schience from Queen's University and afterwards taught in McGill.

PERRY, HON. S.F. (1823 - 1898) of Acadian - French ancestry, was a business man in the town of Tignish, Prince Edward Island. He served for some years in the Island legislative and in 1873 at the time of union with Canada, he was speaker of the House. He afterwards, with the H^on. James Yeo of Port Hill, as his mate, won to represent Prince County in the House of Commons, Ottawa, in the Dominion Elections of the years 1874, 1887 1891 and 1897 as Liberal Candidates.

(Personal Recollections)

ARSENAULT, HON. AUBRIE EDMOND. (1870 - 19) lawyer, Judge and writer, of French Acadian ancestry, was a son of the Hon. Joseph O. Arsenault, who was for 28 years the Conservative representative in the House of Assembly, Charlottetown, for the Third district of Prince County, Prince Edward Island and was for a time, during the Sullivan Administration, a member of that Government. Moreover, in 1905, he was appointed to the Senate of Canada. Young Arsenault was born at Egmont Bay, Prince County. He was educated at the district school St. Dunstons College, Charlottetown, and St. Joseph's College. (B.A.) New Brunswick. Subsequently, he studied law in the office of Messrs. Morson and McQuarrie, Barrister, etc. Charlottetown. After having been admitted to the bar of Prince Edward Island, he went over to London, England and studied for a time with the Hon. Charles Russell there. After his return to the Island he became the junior partner in the law-firm of McQuarrie & Arsenault, Summerside. Eventually he was nominated as a Conservative for the third district of Prince County which his father had represented for so many years, and was duly elected to the Provincial Legislature. On the appointment of the Hon. John A. Mathieson, K.C. to the bench as Chief - Justice in 1917. Wm. Arsenault became Premier and Attorney-General of Prince Edward Island, and became a Justice of the Supreme Court, as Vice-Chancellor in 1919. A fairly frequent writer for the newspapers, he at last bought out a book including many of the subjects mentioned in these papers.

(Can. Parl. Guild 1916)

(Personal Recollections)

FOLEY, JOHN ANDREW, (1855 - 1958) merchant, Real Estate Salesman, and Centurauian, was born in Prince Edward Island in the year 1855, and educated here. He Married in 1885, and went out west to Vancouver, B.C. in 1888. He later removed to Slocan, B.C. where he ran a general store for several years. Returning to Vancouver in 1908 for the next 20 years, or until his retirement in 1928, he was mostly engaged in real Estate. He cut and piled the wood he used for domestic purposes, and did his own gardening until he was 94 years of age. On his last birthday anniversary September 6, 1958 he offered a newspaper reporter one of the secrets of his having lived so long. It was this - "Just don't worry, you're no good for anything if you do". He passed away in the Vancouver General Hospital, on Monday night, September 15, 1958, at the age of 103 years.

Of Irish ancestry he probably was related to the Foley's of near Souris, in King County or of Summerside, in Prince County, Prince Edward Island.

(Canadian Press, Vancouver, B.C. September 16, 1958)

(The Calgary Herald of September 17, 1958)

MCINNIS, CHARLES EDWARD. (1889 - 1958) a farmer's son, was born in the district of Port Hill, Prince Edward Island, in the year 1889. He attended the public school, and left home for Western Canada in 1911, and since the year 1928 until his death resided in Calgary, Alberta. His home address being 238, 18 Ave. N.E., He Passed away here in November, 22nd, leaving him his wife, Gertrude, and two daughters Mrs. Noreen Pettigrew, and Mrs. Ruth Robertson, and five grandchildren in Alberta, besides 3 brothers and 2 sisters in Prince Edward Island. After funeral services at Foster's Garden Chapel ~~in~~ by Rev. G. Doran, interment took place in Burnsland Cemetery, Calgary on Wednesday, November 26, 1958.

(The Calgary Herald, November 26, 1958)

LEFURGEY, ALFRED A. (1870 - 19) brilliant scholar, parliamentarian and financier, came from a fine old Huguenot, English family whose name appears in the first census taken of the Island of Saint John (later Prince Edward Island) by the British in the year 1798. He was born in Bedeque, or Summerside, about the year 1870, and attended the district public school, and Mount Allison University (B.A. 1891) Sockville, N.B. and entered law after graduating from Harvard University, LL.B

Returning to his home, he was elected as a Conservative member to the Provincial Assembly of the Island. Subsequently, in 1900 he was elected to represent Prince County in the Dominion House of Commons. In 1904 he was re-elected. After 1908 he left Summerside, and proceeding to Vancouver, B.C. founded there the firm of Lefurgey and Co. Ltd. Real Estate and Financial. He married Miss Eva Blanch Weart of that place on September 6, 1911.

(The Argosy, Mount Allison University, of May 1912, Sockville New Brunswick)

(Personal Recollections)

THE WEEKS FAMILY OF CHARLOTTETOWN: The first Canadian Pioneer of this now well known family came out to Prince Edward Island from Cork , Ireland, perhaps about the 1830's.

After his arrival here, he first kept a small boarding house, mostly for the convenience of Farmers trading into Charlottetown, and also had a livery-stable . His eldest son, William, began to work at the early age of 11 years, but attended night-school to further his pioneer days' education. The store in which he worked was known as the "London House", dealing in dry goods and other similar imports. Working faithfully for this firm in time, ^{he} became the buyer, and so made many trips across the Atlantic to Great Britain. He saved his money until he had enough to set up in the dry-goods business for himself, which venture was quite successful. He married Miss Clarise Preidy, and there was a family of 4 children, namely Fanny, Arthur, Charles D. and Harry. Mrs. Weeks passed away about 1857. Mr Weeks was a great worker in the Trinity Methodist Church, in Charlottetown, where he served on several Boards, besides being the Church-Treasurer. He also was for some years the Superintendent of the Sunday-School. Besides his store business, he became interested in different other industries including the Cheese Factory and Starch Factory. Eventually, he was appointed a member of the committee who founded the Old Bank of Prince Edward Island, and later was named its President. When the Canadian Bank of Commerce, bought the Island Bank out he was retained on the Board of the former, in an advisory capacity. About the same time he and Mr. Beer of Charlottetown became partners in a New Wholesale Dry Goods Store, which was quite successful. After the death of Mr. Beer, Mr. Weeks took his son Arthur, into partnership in a new Retail Dry Goods Store. This lasted until Arthur was killed in a traffic accident. Mr. Weeks brother Henry also helped with the Dry Goods business by doing the book keeping for the business . He also had three sisters, namely Sarah, Maria (Mrs. Richard Passmore) and Mrs. Philip Leard of Crapand. One of his sons, Charles D. Weeks, left Charlottetown and went west to Medicine Hat, Alberta where he established a Dry Good's Store, about the year 1916.

NOTE: Family Information kindly supplied by Mr. Charles D. Weeks who also mentioned that on his mother's side his grandmother's maiden name was Moore, and that she likely

came out to Prince Edward Island about the same time his grandfather came. She had 3 daughters. Namely, Carisa who was married to Mr. Weeks, Eliza, and Fanny died in her twentys. Evenutally Eliza came to keep house for Charle's dad after the death of his mother and lived to be 92 years of age. Also his grandmother Moore came and lived with them until her death at the age of 94 years).

FLETCHER, HON. JAMES HAYDEN (1830 - 1910) Editor, lecturer, politician, was a son of John Fletcher, Miller in Uigg, and his wife, Caroline Hayden of Vernon River, and was born there about the year 1830. After obtaining a pioneer school education, he became a newspaper proprietor, and edited the old Island Argus for several years. Eventually he went away to the Western United States, and by his writing, lecturing and political speeches, became the Lieut. Governor of South Dekota from 1889 to 1891. He passed away at Gresham, Oregon, in 1910.

The Fletchers originally came out from Mount Mellick in Queens Couty, Ireland, and settled at Mount Millick near Powreal, Prince Edward Island.

(Malcolm A. Macquee, in his Book "Hebridean Pioneers" Published in Winnipeg, Man.

In 1957).

(Personal Recollections of author. When I was a young law - student in Charlottetown in 1904 and 1905 the Hon. Mr. Fletcher visited Prince Edward Island and gave an interest- in lecture in the basement Class Room of what is now named the Trinity United Church on Prince Street, Charlottetown). C.W.M

MACDONALD, HON. DAVID ALEXANDER. (1859 - 1937) Lawyer and later Chief-Justice, was the son of Alexander Hector Macdonald, Master Mariuer, and May McRae, his wife of Piuette of Port Prince, Prince Edward Island and was born there in the year 1859. He attended the district public school and the Prince of Wales College and afterwards studied law in Charlottetown, where his younger sister Catherine Macdonald, who was educated in England, the Prince of Wales College here, and Mount Allison Ladies College, Sockville N.B. an exceedingly student, there resided being the wife of Charles Hyndman. Subsequently he went west to practise his profession in the Town of Portage-la-Prairie Manitoba, and remained there until his appointment as a Judge of the Supreme Court of Manitobe, where, in time, he became its Chief - Justice. He passed away in the year 1937.

(Hebrideau Pioneers" by Malcolm A. Macqueen, B.A. of Orwell, Prince Edward Island and Winnipeg, Manitoba, published by Henderson Directories Ltd. there in the year 1957).

CLARK, RUSSELL C. (1878 - 19) Merchant and legislator was a son of Solomon C. Clark of Mt. Stewart, Prince Edward Island, and of Hannah Mewberry, his wife, both Scotch, and was born there on December 22, 1878. He was educated at the Mt. Stewart High School and the Charlottetown Business College. He became a merchant, and married Marion, a daughter of Kenneth McKay of Mt. Stewart; There were two sons, namely Stirling K. and Keir W. He was first elected to the Provincial Legislature, as a Liberal at the g.e. of 1932, and was re-elected in the g.e.s. of 1935, 1939, 1943, 1947, 1951 and on May 25, 1955. He supported the United Church of Canada. He represented the 3rd district of Queens County in the Legislature.

(Can. Parl. Guide, Ottawa, 1957)

CLARK, HON. KEIR W. (1910 - 19) Merchant and legislator was a son of Russell C. Clark of Mt. Stewart, Prince Edward Island, and Marion McKay, his wife, and was born there on May 10, 1910. He was educated at the district Public School, the Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, and Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. (B.Comm) 1934. He became in time, a Director of Clark Bros. Merchants, Stirling K. Clark Variety Stores, at Montague, St. Peters Bay and Mount Stewarts. He married Anna I. McLaren, a daughter of William McLaren, of Georgetown on June 17, 1940 and there were 3 children, namely Gwennett Anne, Marion Elizabeth, and Marjorie Helen. He was chosen to represent the 3rd district of Kings County in the Provincial general election of 1947, and was re-elected in the general election of 1951 as well as in that of May 25, 1955. He had been appointed a Minister Without Portfolio on June 6, 1951, and Minister of Education in the Hon. A.W. Matheson's Cabinet on June 11, 1953. He was a Liberal in politics and a supporter of the United Church of Canada in religion.

(Can Parl. Guide, Ottawa, 1957)

SMITH, HAROLD PERCY, M.L.A. was born in ^{POWNAL,} ~~Perial~~ Prince Edward Island, where he farmed. His family ^{of Scottish origin,} had resided in that district for many years, the late John Smith and Richard Smith having been prominent men in that district in the 19th century. Harold was first elected to the Provincial Legislature, as a Liberal by the Voters of the 4th district of Queens County at a bye-election on Sept. 10, 1953, and was re-elected at the general election of 1955.

(Personal Recollections).

(The Can. Parl. Guide, Ottawa, 1957).

SMITH SARAH J. (1870 - 19), school - teacher and musician, was a daughter of Andrew Smith of Millview, Lot 50, Queens County, Prince Edward Island, and Fraser, his wife. She was educated at the Millview district public school, and the Prince of Wales college and Normal School, Charlottetown. For two years she taught in the Avondale Public School, and sometime later was married to Mr. Mack Dokerty of near Seal River, who had returned to the Island from Colorado, where he engaged in Mining. Eventually they settled in or near New Denver, in Souther British Columbia. She was a cousin of another school teacher, Ambrose Fraser, who later on joined the staff of the Patriot Publishing Company, in Charlottetown, and at last became the Librarian of the Provincial Library there.

(Personal Recollections).

CALLBECK, EDWARD G. (1912 - 19) school teacher and Principal, was the son of Edward Callbeck and Miss Way, his wife, of Hunter River, Prince Edward Island, and was born in Calgary, Alberta. (where his parents had settled) in or about the year 1912. He was a line descendant of the Hon. Phillips Callbeck, a former Attorney - General of Saint John's (Prince Edward) Island in the 1770's of the 18th century. Educated both in Public Schools and in Normal under the supervision of Dr. Ernest W. Coffin in Calgary, he became a teacher in his home city, and rose to the position of Principal of Richmond Public School there. In September, 1958 he accompanied by his wife, set sail for Germany where he will teach the children of Canadian Army personnel stationed there for two years, under a plan which saw teachers loaned to the Department of National Defence "to work with the 4th Canadian Infantry Brigade".

(Personal Recollections)

(The Albertan newspaper, Calgary, of Sept. 5, 1958)

BANNERMAN, SIR ALEXANDER (1763 - 1864) Banker, member of the British Parliament, and subsequently Lieutenant Governor of Prince Edward Island, was born in Scotland in 1783. He eventually became a banker in the City of Aberdeen over there. He was elected a member of the House of Commons at Westminster in the year 1832, and was returned up until 1847. Later on in 1851 he was appointed Lieutenant Governor of Prince Edward Island, and at the same time was created a Knight, Bachelor, (K.B.). His wife was a grand daughter of an earlier Lieutenant Governor of St. Johns (later Prince Edward) Island, a Miss Gordon, who was sent back to Scotland, as a young girl to be educated at the home of his auth there. It has been stated that Thomas Carlyle, when a young man net her and he referred to her in one of his later writing as "Blumine".

Sir Alexander held his position on the Island from 1851 until 1854, and was appointed to the position of Governor of Newfoundland, in 1857 which he held until 1863. He passed away in 1864.

(D. Campbell - A History of Prince Edward Island, Charlottetown, Bremner Bros, Queen's Street, Printers, 1865).

(W. Stewart Wallace, M.A., - Dictionary of Canadian Biography, Vol. 1, The MacMillan Company, Toronto, Ontario)